44: Edward Jones

Basic Information [as recorded on local memorial or by CWGC]

Name as recorded on local memorial or by CWGC: E. Jones On CWGC recorded as S E Jones

Rank: Private

Battalion / Regiment: 13th Bn. The King's (Liverpool Regiment)

Service Number: 52420 Date of Death: 18 October 1916 Age at Death: 26

Buried / Commemorated at: Euston Road Cemetery, Colincamps, Departement de la Somme, Picardie,

France

Additional information given by CWGC: The son of Edward and Mary Jones, Ivy Cottage, Newtown, Lt.

Neston

Edward (Ted) Jones was the third son of collier Edward and Mary Jones of Neston. Edward and Mary are first recorded in the 1881 census two years after their marriage:

V COURTY CO				
Edward Jones	Head From	23	Goal Minu	Lancafin Billinge
Mary do	Wife do	20	Wife of ob-	Ches him , Suddington
Robert Ir de	Now many			do Mess Colley
1881 census (extract	:) – Ness		1 7 1	M
Edward Jone	s 23		coal miner	born Billinge, Lancs.
Mary	20		wife of above	born Puddington
Robert W.	1			born Ness Colliery

Although he was born in Billinge, on the South Lancashire coalfield, it is believed that Edward Jones snr was the son (baptised 20 April 1857 at St Aidan, Billinge) of collier William 'Ness' Jones & Elizabeth (and the grandson of Edward 'Storeton' Jones), both recorded previously as colliers at Neston.

Edward married Mary Wilcoxon of Puddington at Chester St John in December 1879. Mary's father was labourer Robert & Elizabeth and Mary was baptised at Burton on 11 September 1859.

Robert William Jones, Edward and Mary's first child, was baptised at Neston on 14

March 1880.



A second child, Elizabeth (Lizzie), was baptised on 23 February 1883 but she died, aged 2 on 29 August 1885, and was buried at Neston on 2 September.

By 1891 two other children had been born, Herbert (baptised 9 May 1886) and Lily (baptised 8 July 1888) - Edward was recorded as a collier on both occasions.

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1891 census (extra Edward Jor Mary Robert Will Herbert Lily	nes	33 30 11 5		coal min	er		born Billinge, Lancs. born Puddington born Ness Holt born Ness Holt born Ness Holt

By 1901 the family had moved from Ness Holt to Newtown in Little Neston and Edward, and three younger children, had been born:

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1901 census (extract) -					D'III' and I and	
Edward Jones	43	foreman (fireman?) at coa	almine		oorn Billinge, Lancs.	
Mary	41				oorn Puddington	
Robert W.	21	bricklayer		k	oorn Little Neston	
Herbert 15		born Little Nestor				
				_		
Lily	12			k	oorn Little Neston	
Lily Edward	12 9				oorn Little Neston oorn Ness Holt	
' - '				ŀ		
Edward	9			l l	oorn Ness Holt	

Edward jnr was baptised at Neston on 11 October 1891, Arthur was baptised on 14 October 1894, Emily was baptised on 6 November 1896 (when the family was still at Ness Holt) and Hilda was baptised on 1 March 1901 (when the address was recorded as Little Neston Colliery).

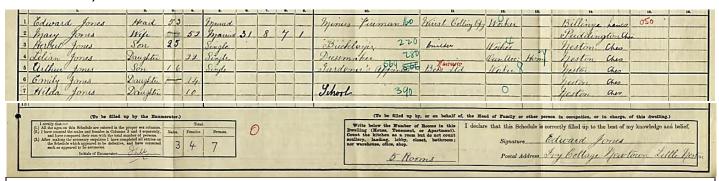
Robert William Jones (born 24 January 1880) married Emma Wright (born 17 December 1875 at St Paul's Church, Tranmere) in late 1902 and by 1911, when Robert (31) was a bricklayer at an iron works, they were living with their two young children in Newtown close to his parents and siblings.

In the 1939 Register (29 September) they were living at 'Rock Bank', Newtown, with two unmarried sons: William (born 30 October 1908, joiner and coffin maker) and

Robert (born 12 October1914, bricklayer). Robert William Jones was recorded as a bricklayer. Robert W Jones seems to have died on Wirral, aged 81, in mid-1961. Emma may have died in early 1968 aged 92

Edward jnr had also left home by 1911 - he is recorded in the 1911 census as boarding at 15, Cupid Street, Everton with Daniel & Betsy Noble (boarding house keepers); aged 19 he is recorded as being single and an assistant grocer.

In 1911 Edward's parents and unmarried siblings were still living at 'Ivy Cottage', Newtown, Little Neston:



1911 census (condensed) – Ivy Cottage, Newtown, Little Neston

Mary 52 bo	orn Puddington
ivially 52	
Herbert 25 bricklayer bo	orn Neston
Lilian 22 dressmaker, own account bo	orn Neston
Arthur 16 gardener's apprentice, Bees Ltd. bo	orn Neston
Emily 14 bo	orn Neston
Hilda 10 bo	orn Neston

Edward and Mary had been married for 31 years and seven of their eight children had survived (their second child, Elizabeth, was buried at Neston on 2 September 1885).

The following year, on 19 February 1912, Herbert Jones (26, bricklayer) married Edith Bushell of Park Street, Neston at Neston Parish Church. Edward snr was recorded as an 'engine man', presumably at the colliery, and Edith's father, John Bushell, was a retired gardener. Robert and Lily Jones were both witnesses.

Just three months later, on 27 May 1912, Lily Jones (24, no occupation recorded) married John Taylor, 28, at Neston Parish Church. John, a nurseryman from Birmingham (it may be presumed that he was working with Lily's brother, Arthur, at Bees Seeds in Ness) gave his residence



as 232, New Avenue, Acock's Green, Birmingham. Edward Jones snr was recorded as a collier and Lily's brothers, Robert and Edward, were witnesses.

Interestingly, Edward Jones' outline army record (his Service Record has not been found) notes that he was born in Great Crosby (he was born in Neston) and that he enlisted at Seaforth. It seems that Edward died just a few days after arriving in France.

Edward's commanding officer, Captain Harold Edward Coates, was also a man local to the area being the son of William Henry Coates & Margaret Coates, of II, Eaton Rd., Birkenhead, and the husband of Alice Coates. Promoted to junior Major, he was killed in action seven months later on 3 May 1917 [see newspaper report, below]. The 13th (Service) Battalion King's (Liverpool) Regiment was formed at Seaforth in September 1914 as part of Kitchener's Third New Army and attached as army troops to the 25th Division. In February 1915 they were transferred to the 76th Brigade in the same Division, mobilised in September and on 27 September 1915 they landed at Le Havre where they were concentrated in the area of Nieppe.

On 15 October 1915 the battalion transferred with their Brigade to the 3^{rd} Division and, on 23 October 1915, transferred to the 8^{th} Brigade in the same Division. On 4 April 1916 they transferred again, this time to the 9^{th} Brigade but still in the 3^{rd} Division.

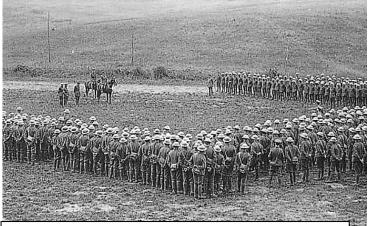
During the first two weeks of July 1916 the troops saw action in The Battle of Albert, the first Anglo-French offensive operations in The Battle of the Somme, before taking part at The Battle of Delville Wood. The Battle of Delville Wood (15 July - 3 September 1916) was a series of engagements in the 1916 Battle of the Somme; Delville Wood was a thick tangle of trees, chiefly oak and birch, with dense hazel thickets, intersected by grassy rides, east of Longueval.

As part of a general offensive starting on 14 July, which became known as the Battle of Bazentin Ridge (14 - 17 July), General Douglas Haig, Commander of the British Expeditionary Force, intended to capture the German second position between Delville Wood and Bazentin le Petit.

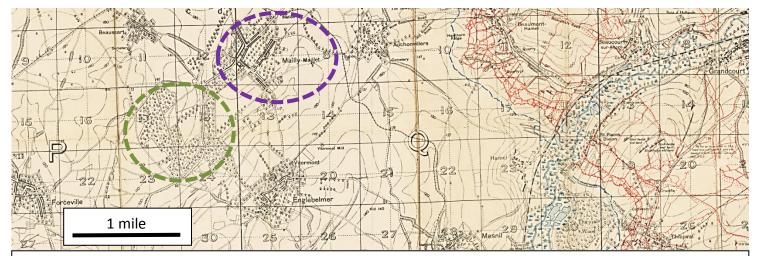
However, it is probable that Edward Jones was not involved in any of these conflicts as it appears that his unit did not arrive in France until 9 - 12 October 1916, only a week

before he was killed.

The circumstances of the death of Edward Jones on 18 October 1916 are unknown as the 3rd Division was not then involved in any major action on The Somme until The Battle of the Ancre from 13 -16 November 1916. However, the sparse details recorded in the Battalion War Diary for October 1916 records that the troops were in reserve in the area of Mailly-Maillet, north of Albert, at the time that Edward Jones died:



Troops gathered near Mailly-Maillet, 29 June 1916 [Source: http://pierreswesternfront.punt.nl/content/2008/03/somme-introduction]



Trench map of the area of Mailly-Maillet (encircled in purple) for 15 August 1916, two months before Edward Jones was killed in the area. Although, on this map, German trenches (in red) are shown towards the east, no British positions or trenches are shown. The War Diary (see following page) mentions that the Battalion Headquarters were based in Legend Trench, but the location of this is unknown. Although the War Diary notes that the troops were held in reserve at Mailly-le-Wood from 7 – 12 October, this wood is not named on the map but is believed to be the woodland area which has been encircled in green.

Summe and th	ries are con	ntained in nual respec	vely. Title pages	SUMMARY. 9TH BRIGADE. required.)	n
Place	Date	Hour	Summary of	Events and Information	14
NY-ST-	4/10/16	\ .	In Bellets at ERNY. ST. JULIEN.		
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	7/10/16	1:30 and	to BERTRANCOURT arriving 5.30 pm.	ed at Puchevillers Ipm and	marche
	8/10/16	3pm	Reft Ruts at BERTRANGOURT and we		
	7/10/16 12/10/16	}	MARLY-MAILLEY. IN RECEIVE At MAILLY-LE-WOOD.		
	13/10/16	10000	Left 19 mily. La. W D for trenches; Ho	lyw. w LEGEND TRENCH.	
+	18/10/16	1	Left trenchis for billets at LOUVENCE	ours; arrived spm!	
	20/11/16 16 31/11/16	1	In Billelo at LOUVENCOURT.	Alok	

War Diary - 13th Battalion King's (Liverpool) Regiment – October 1916

October 1916 was a time of little activity for the 13th Battalion; all activities for the month could be recorded on a single page. On 18 October, the day on which Edward Jones died, the Diary records simply 'In trenches', a position they had held since 14 October. There is no report at all for October of any enemy action or of casualties.

The settlement of Mailly-Mailley mentioned on 8 October is, in fact, Mailly-Maillet.

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Army Registers of Soldiers' Effects, 1901-1929

In Summer 1919 the army paid outstanding credits – mainly remaining wages – to soldiers or, in the case of those who had died, their family or nominated representatives. At the same time a War Gratuity was often paid.

Edward Jones had accrued a credit of £1 2s and this was received by his father, Edward. Edward received also the £3 War Gratuity.

The total payment, £4 2s, is approximately equivalent to a labour value (ie wages) of about £620 in 2016.

The War Gratuity was introduced in December 1918 as a payment to be made to those men who had served in WW1 for a period of 6 months or more home service or for any length of service if a man had served overseas. The rules governing the gratuity were implemented under Army Order 17 of 1919 but the amount paid was related to the length of war service.

Neston's Gallant Sons.

The Eighteenth to Die.

Much sympathy is extended to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Jones, of Little Neston, who have received official intimation of the death in action of their third con, Edward, who belonged to the King's Liverpool Regt. He was killed on October 18th, He was aged 25 years, and is the 18th from Neston with to lay down his life for his country. Many messages of condolence have been received including one from the King and tyneen, and also the following from his captain:—'I am writing to condole with you in the sad loss of your son, Pte. E. Jones, and at the same time I would like to add what a loss it is to myself and the men of

this company. He was a most useful soldier, and always did his work in an able and unselfish manner. I need hardly tell you that the officers and men of this company deeply regret his death, and wish to tender to you our deepest sympathy. I have had his effects collected, and am sending them herewith.—Yours sincerely, H. E. Coates."

Birkenhead News – Saturday 4 November 1916

Transcription:

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MAJOR H. E. COATES KILLED.

Major Harold Edward Coater, second son of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Coates, 11. Eaton-road. Birkenhead, who was killed in action, in his 34th year, was educated at the Claughton Collegiate School and Birkenhead Institute. After serving an apprenticeshin in Livermool he removed to London, and became a member of the firm of the Baltio Exchange.

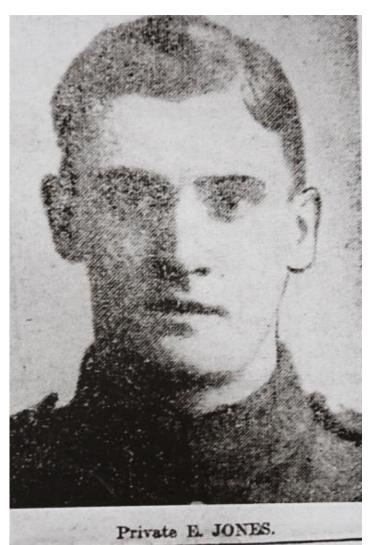
When the war broke out he enlisted as a private, and soon became corporal. On the recommendation of his colonel he obtained a commission in December, 1914, was gazetted captain in 1915, and, on going to the front, being senior captain, was gazetted actingmajor. He had since been made junior major of his hattalion. In January last he married Miss Alice B. Grocott, of Tarporley.

Liverpool Daily Post - Thursday 17 May 1917

H. E. Coates was Edward Jones' commanding officer and wrote to Edward's parents after Edward was killed in October 1916.



THE LATE MAJOR COATES.



During WW1 Edward Jones snr continued to work at Neston Colliery and it is recorded, on 15 February 1916, that his right hand was injured when a piece of stone fell from the roof of the workings when he was cleaning up in one of the underground air roads.

On 20 September 1922 Emily Jones, 25 (born 24 September 1896), married painter John William Henderson, 28 (born 2 June 1894), of Ness at Neston Parish Church. Edward Jones snr was recorded as a miner.

It is believed that Emily and John Henderson had two children, John (born late 1923) and Elizabeth (born early 1929).

In the 1939 Register (22 September) Emily and John, a decorator and general contractor, were living at Poplar Cottage on Church Lane in Neston.

With them was their unmarried daughter,

Elizabeth (born 1 February 1929) and one other line of the entry has been redacted (as of March 2018).

Emily Henderson died in July / September 1949 aged 52 and John died in mid-1980.

Edward Jones snr died on 3 January 1930 aged 72 but the date of the death of Mary Jones is uncertain.

Hilda Jones (36), the youngest child of Edward and Mary, married joiner Thomas Tilston (34) of Thornton Hough at Neston Parish Church on 16 December 1937. Thomas Tilston died in July / September 1974 aged 71 and Hilda died, aged 81, in early 1982. They may have had a child, Thomas D Tilston, who was born in late 1944.

Edward jones is commemorated on the weathered family gravestone at Neston Parish Church:



PEACE

In Loving Memory
of
ELIZABETH (Lizzie)
The Beloved Daughter of
EDWARD & MARY JONES,
of Little Neston
Who fell asleep in Jesus 29th August 1885
Aged 2 Years 10 Months
(Verse)

Also EDWARD (TED)

Brother of the above

Killed in action 18th October 1916 in France

Aged 25 Years

Also EDWARD JONES
Father of the above
Died 3rd January 1930 aged 72 Years